

It was yesterday reported on 'Chroze, that the French transports (which made a part of the fleet of the convoy fallen in with by Admiral Kempenfelt) having foundered at sea, and gone to the bottom, with 700 troops on board.

It was also said, that the men of war with Ferrol, in great distress; but that it did not seem very likely that they would be able soon to reach that port.

Among the Officers taken by Admiral Kempenfelt's squadron on board the French transports, there is a Brigadier General upon his parole at Gospet.

The troops sent out with the Brest fleet were not all embarked in transports; for there were 90 soldiers on board of every ship of 64 guns, 130 on board every one of 74; 160 on board each one of 80; and 200 in each of the three deckers. Some accounts say that only 6 ships of this fleet are to go to America; and that Comte de Guichen, after having seen them as far as Madeira, is then to sail for Cadiz with 12 sail of the line, to join the Spanish fleet and then in conjunction with the latter, to cruise during the summer in the British channel.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, Jan. 1. This evening an account arrived from the outward, of a transport being lost in Biscay Bay, and every soul perished. She had on board 80 passengers and soldiers, and was coming bound to Portsmouth. At 11 o'clock P.M. a vessel having exchanged Evens and American prisoners on board, sailed for Malaga. Among the latter was the son of the Commodore Manley who formerly took the Frigates, and was himself taken afterwards, by the Rainbow Sir G. Collier, Captain.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Jan. 2. Arrived yesterday the Fortitude Apollo, and Aurora, from the Downs. The Fortitude came into harbour to dock.

Arrived the Good Hope, Gallia, from Pittsburgh for Rochfort, with hemp, &c. first in as a prize by the Archon frigate.

The 10th and 20th regiments are embarked at this port, on board the outward bound East Indians.

The prizes taken by the Agamemnon are come into harbour, except the one which is wrecked, and great part of her cargo is saved.

By some late accounts from the Camp at St. Roche, we learn, that General Elliot had but time ago run a very narrow risk of being killed by a bomb. It was at the moment when the troops were drawn up on the parade, ready to relieve the different guards; and he and his attendants escaped unharmed, only by falling on their faces. Thus the bursting of the shell was fortunately unattended with any disagreeable consequences.

This account was brought to the Spanish Camp by a deserter from Gibraltar.

Ministry have received certain accounts from Brest, that not a single ship of the fleet that left that port for the West Indies has returned, except an advice cutter, which we learn that though they suffered some ma-

laria or fever.

By the last accounts from Cadiz we hear, that an embargo had been laid on all the ships in that port, until a sufficient number should be had to carry 4000 soldiers, who are to be sent, as it is thought, to Puerto Rico, either for the purpose of making a descent on Jamaica, or for some other expedition; for which Adm. Solano has had orders sent him to go to Guarico, where he is to take on board another corps of troops.

The resolution of the court of Vienna, to dismantle the barrier towns garrisoned by the Dutch, has spread a general alarm through Holland: For we learn by a letter from Amsterdam, brought over in the last packet, that, by order of the States, a vast number of hands were daily employed in repairing and putting in the best posture of defence, the forts of Frederic Henry Lillo, Kreys Schans, and Liekenschock; and that some able Engineers were adding new works, and batteries to each, beside repairing the old ones.

The 16th regiment of foot are ordered into garrison at Tinnmouth barracks, in the room of the 10th, that are ordered for the West Indies with Admiral Rodney.

Yesterday Admiral Kempenfelt was at the levee at St. James's and had a long conference with the King, on his late successful encounter with the French.

As was Admiral Sir John Lockhart Ross, who took leave of the King on his setting off with Admiral Rodney's fleet for the succour of the Mediterranean possessions and the protection of the India islands.

Yesterday the urn and vase to be presented the Empress of Russia in memory of Capt. Cooke, was brought to the Admiralty, and taken out of the package for the inspection of their Lordships, previous to its being sent to Russia.

The ships that were taken by Capt. Caldwell in the Agamemnon, were to have joined the fleet under Comte de Guichen; but they were not part of the convoy seen by Admiral Kempenfelt; so that though the French must be distressed by the loss of these vessels, still the force actually under the Comte de Guichen has not been in the least diminished by these last captures.

The remains of the 26th and 90th regiments, which came home some months since, are, by orders from the War Office, gone into Yorkshire to recruit.

A letter from a sailor on board the Britannia man of war to his wife in Leeds, says, besides other valuable articles taken in the French transports, two chests of specie are brought on board, as large as six men can possibly lift from the ground.

Government have received official accounts from Quebec, advising, that a large party of British soldiers, which had gone from Canada, the same time that General Burgoyne went, with an intent to join Lord Cornwallis, had taken on the road a great number of the Americans prisoners, but finding them too numerous to keep without a present, begging that his Lordship would take proper care of them; upon which his Lordship in return sent word to the commanding Officer, that if he would send a

letter to the Garrison, to inform them of their safety, he would do so.

Upon our safe arrival here, we found the garrison very strong, and the whole province in perfect security, with plenty of provisions; their works are very strong, and defended by about 6500 men. Gen. Riedel and Colonel St. Leger are constantly making some excursions, and hardly a day passes but a number of prisoners are brought in; they have now 2000 prisoners in this province.

While we were there, a smart action had taken place between the rebels and us, about 60 miles from Quebec, in the road to Albany, in which the Americans were entirely defeated and upwards of 300 prisoners brought in."

As there has been much disputing, and the papers have differed greatly, about the number of Loyalists taken with Lord Cornwallis, we are happy to be able to set that important matter in a just light. Col. Tarleton's legion of Light Horse, consisting of about 600, were nearly all Americans. The Queen's Rangers, commanded by Colonel Simcoe, were many of them Americans, and a considerable number of them seamen.

D U B L I N, Jno. 15.

Yesterday morning arrived at his father's house, the Earl of Moira's, on Usher's quay, from England, the Rt. Hon. Lord Rawdon.

His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be High Sheriffs for the present year, viz.

Co. Leitrim, Pat. Cullen, of Shreem, Esq;

King's Co. John King, of Ballylin Esq;

Sir Frederick Flood, Sir Vesey Calkeagh Charles Tottenhan, George Ogle and Robert Doyle Esqrs. have all declared their intentions of offering themselves to represent the county of Wexford, next general Election.

Saturday last, the Hibernia, of this port, Captain Scallion, arrived here from New York, from which place she sailed the 15th of December in company with 130 sail, under convoy of the Robust and Janus men of war; three days after they sailed they were dispersed in a gale of wind, and saw no more of the fleet. Earl Cornwallis, and a number of his Officers came home on board the Robust.

The defences set up by Kelly, the Commander of the piratical privateer lately captured, is, that he is a North American by birth, and acted under a French Dutch, and American commission. The greatest part of the crew are subjects of Great Britain; some of whom are known, within the last 3 years, to have been inhabitants of Dublin, Liverpool, London &c. The Lord Mayor has humbly taken care that the crew of this privateer, consisting of 104 men, now in the New Prison, shall want no one proper accommodation and support; at the same time that his Lordship is using his whole endeavours to make such discoveries among them as may tend to the furtherance of justice, and consequently to prevent the further perfidy of these rebels.

By a letter from a gentleman of this city now in Rotterdam, we learn, that the merchants there were in very great uneasiness on

London on Decr. 11.
Dublin on London's 11.
Governe Debou, Sol. to Sol. scs.
Treasure Bills 991. to 991. 10s.
City of Dublin Bond, pr.

Waterford, Jan. 15. Thantilay arrived in this harbour, the Delight, Capt. Roche, from Barbadoes, laden with rum, sugar, coffee and cotton, bound for Cork; the captain brings a confirmation of the surrender of the Island of St. Eustatia to the French. If the above account is true, it must be a matter of some consolation to reflect, that the gallant Admiral Rodney, with the respectable force he carries out with him may be enabled, by the late storm which did so much damage to the French, to retrieve any loss we may sustain in that quarter.

L I M E R I C K

The Dublin Post, (by Cullen) which should have arrived here last Night, did not come in till near ten o'clock this morning, owing as the Post-Boy allert, to the very high floods on the Road.

Yesterday morning the body of the unfortunate young woman, who fell into the river with the sailor, as formerly mentioned in this paper, was taken up at the Poole.

BIRTH. In Dominic-street, this day, the lady of the Rev. Dr. Jonathan Bruce, of a Son and Heir.

DEATH. Last Tuesday much regretted by a numerous acquaintance, Mr John Phillips, formerly a very eminent Apothecary.

A Sum of FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS.

TO be immediately Lent, separately, together, upon good Personal or other Security is Application to be made to PAT. MAHONY, Esq; Treasurer to the Annuity Society.

Limerick, Jan. 10, 1782.

NEW GARDEN SEEDS.

GEORGE DAVIS, Apothecary, near Baal's-Bridge, Limerick, hath this Day arrived to him from London, his First Importation of New Garden Seeds, Early PEASE and BEANS, Boiling Split Pease, &c, with a particular kind of ONION SEED; (the Onions from said Seed will keep two Years) all which he is determined to Sell free from any Mixture of Old Seeds, and on the most Reasonable Terms. Dec. 24.

To be S O L D
By PUBLIC CANT.

FOR READY MONEY.

On Monday the 15th of February next,
THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of the
late WILLIAM GREEN, Esq; at his late
Dwelling House in the Square, Limerick; and also
a COACH in thorough Repair, with Harness
for four Horses.—The Cant to begin at Eleven
o'Clock each Day, and Continue until all are
disposed of.

Jan. 17, 1782.

S T O P P E D.

In KILLALOE, till Saturday,
BAY-SARE, Arable and Soddy, supposed
to be STOLEN, as was sold by a
young Man of bad character, who called himself
CARROLL.—Any person proving Property may
have her, upon paying the Expenses of Adver-
tising, &c by applying to the Revd. JAMES
MARTIN, Killaloe. Jan. 14, 1782.

T O be L E T.

FROM the 25th March next, for Years or
Lives (as may be agreed on,) the Lands of
BALLYGIBBON, containing 322 Acres choice
bearing or tillage Ground; eighty Acres of which
is choice feeding Ground known by the Name of
CHURCH-PARK; on said Lands is a Paddock
of 100 Acres enclosed by a Wall, fence fast